Development in leave policy in Norway

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The Norwegian period with parental benefit

For mother	Shared	For father (2006)
3 + 6 weeks	29/39 weeks	6 weeks

Changes in leave policy in Norway (2005)

- Extention of the father's quota
- Wage compensation on the basis of fathers' own working hours for the father's quota
- Daddy days also for fathers who adopt children

• • Cash for care

o Reduction in payment:

The new red-green government has reduced the payment with about £40 per month from 2006.

 Money will be used to reduce parental payment for public child-care

• • Aim of the proposed changes in parental leave:

- To simplify the rules
- To increase parental flexibility

Proposed changes in leave policy in Norway (Ot.prp.nr.104 2005-2006)

o Change in terms:

 from birth money to parental benefit (or money). Emphasizes that the benefit is meant for both mother and father

o Father's quota:

- To be taken also during the first 6 weeks
- More restrictive rules of transfer possibility (sickness only)

Proposed changes in Norwegian leave policy, cont.

• Increased flexibility (graded leave):

- 'part time leave in combination with part time work'
- mother and father can combine and share as they like
- leave can be spread over three years
- the fathers' quota is also to be graded
- ..but not the first 3+6 weeks for mothers